



GREEN
FUTURES
HUB

ASH IN SOIL AMELIORATION

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Research, Technology and Innovation for **Sustainable Life with Land and Water**

*Inspiring excellence, transforming lives
through quality, impact, and care.*

VISION **130**
Renew and Reimagine
towards 2034

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INTRODUCTION

Surface Mined Land



INTRODUCTION

Rehabilitated Surface Mined Land



LAND USE OPTIMISATION

Conditional prescription – Water, Energy and Food Nexus



Rationale

RESEARCH QUESTIONS?

PLANT GROWTH RESPONSES

Biomass production
Botanical composition
Basal cover

CHEMICAL Amelioration

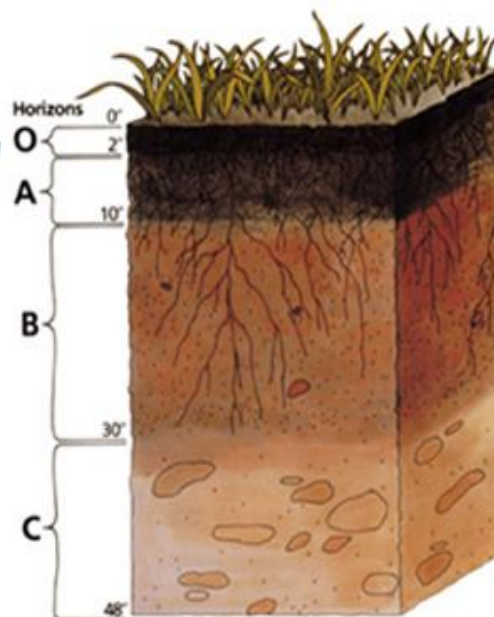
Soil pH
Electrical conductivity
Fertility

PHYSICAL Amelioration

Bulk density
Infiltration rate
Water holding capacity

BIOLOGICAL Amelioration

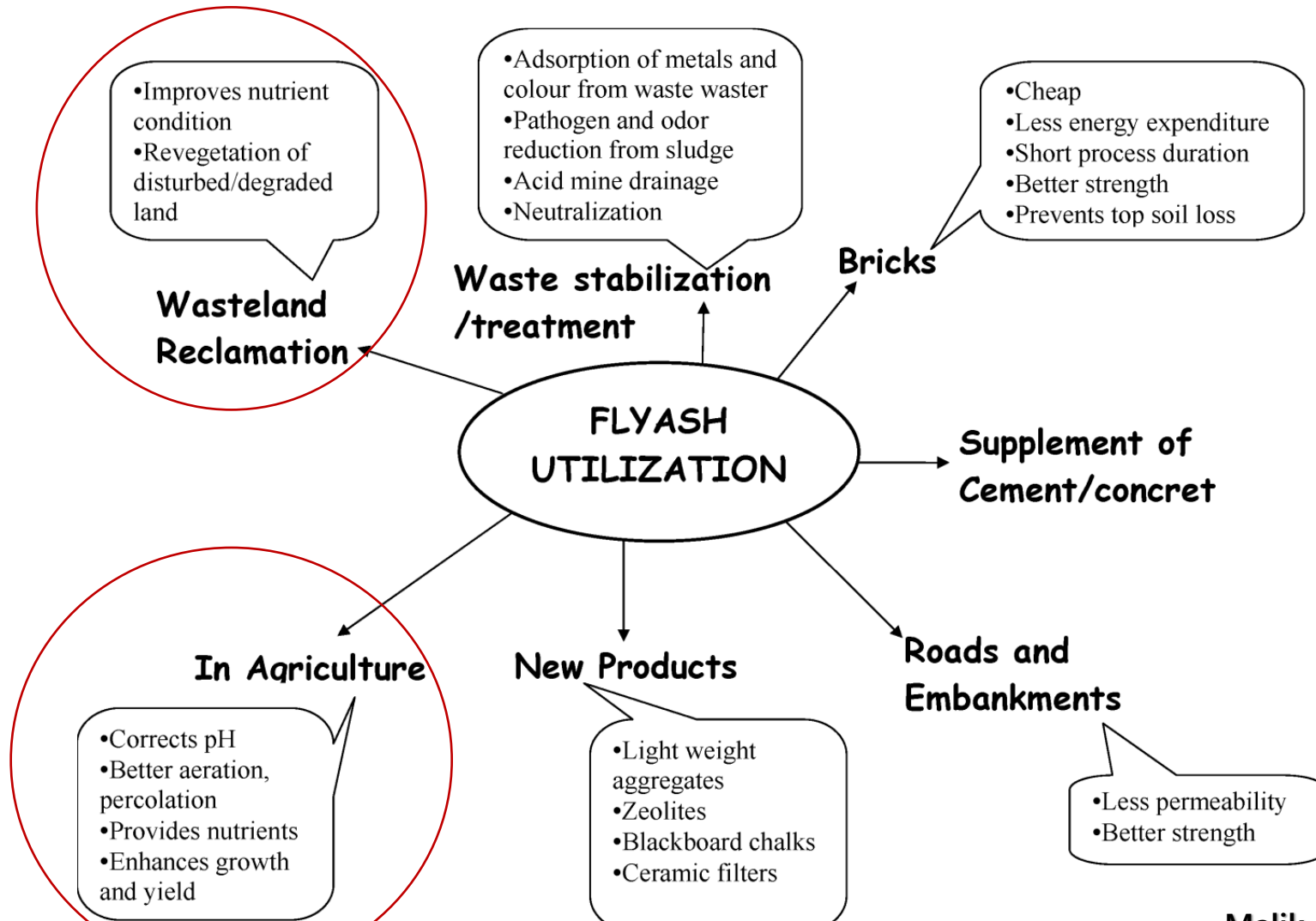
Microbial activity



SUSTAINABLE PLANT PRODUCTION

HEALTHIER SOIL

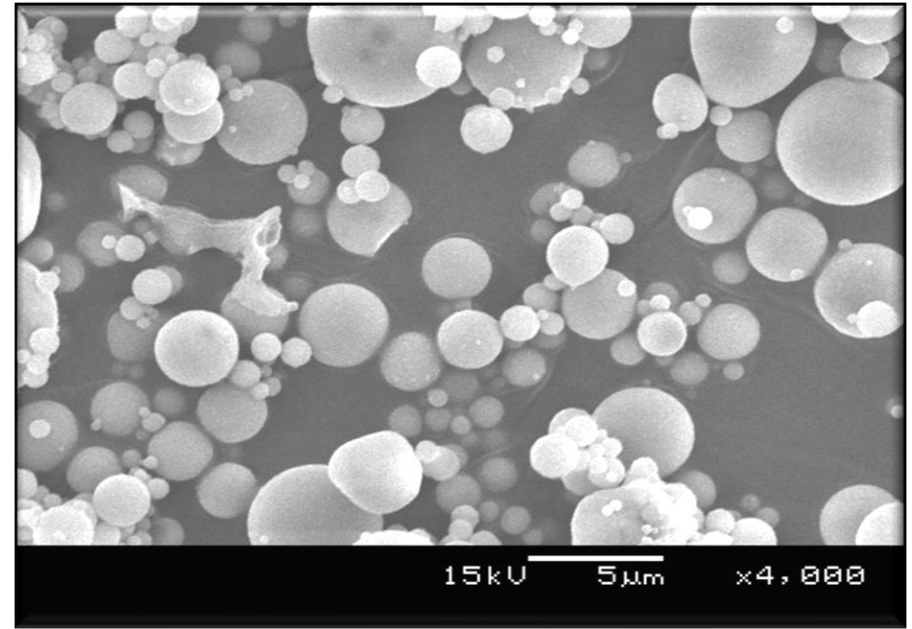
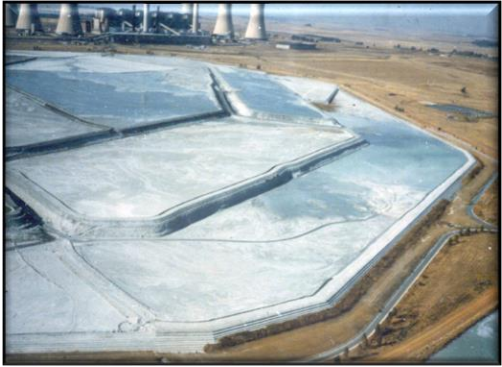
International Understanding



Malik & Thapliyal, 2009

INDUSTRIAL BYPRODUCTS

Beneficiation, application and safe use

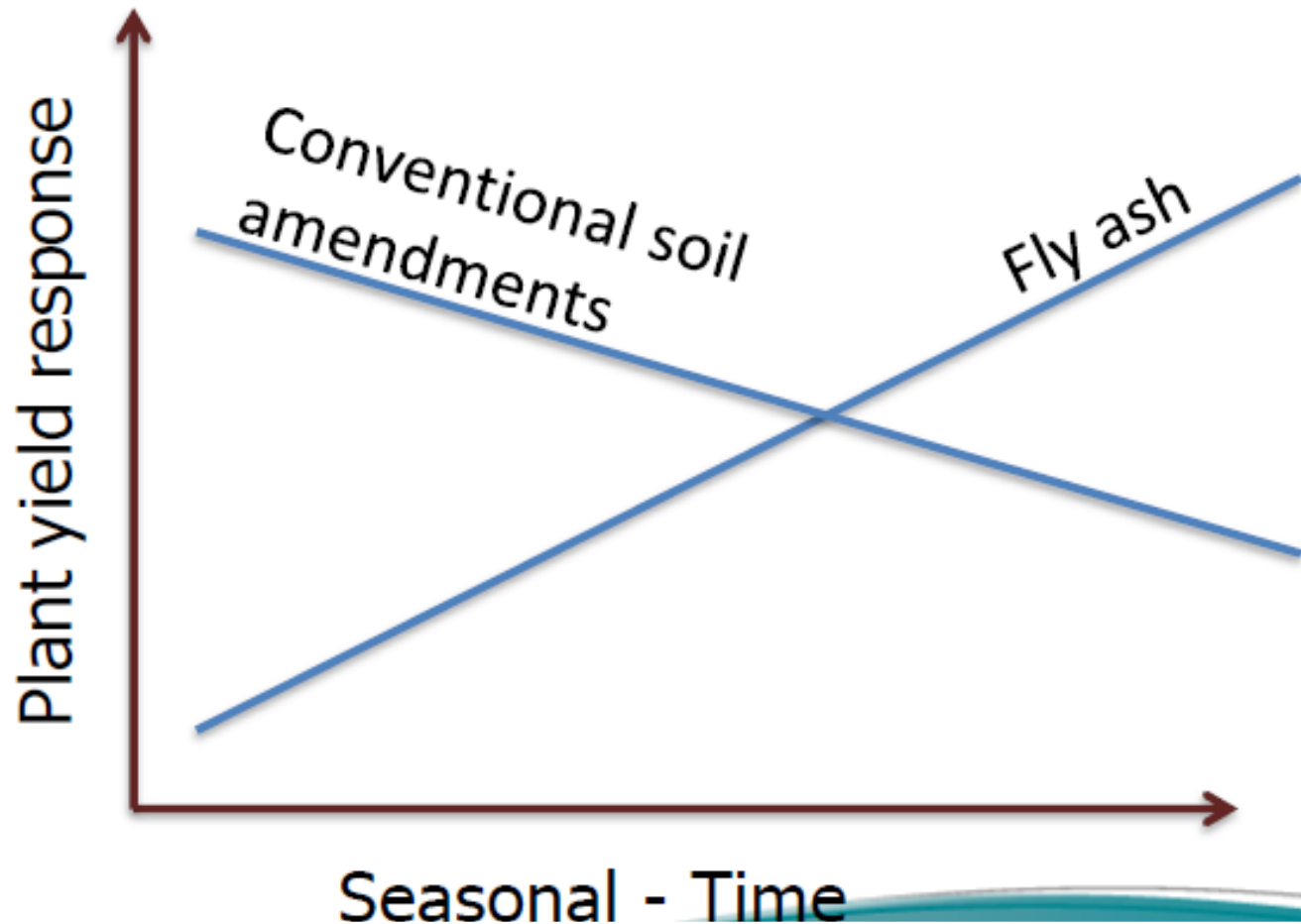


- South African fly ash
 - **Class F** (Bituminous coal) – Silicious FA
- Calcium silicates
- Alkaline material $\text{pH}_{(\text{H}_2\text{O})} = 8 - 10$
- Fresh or weathered ash
- **CaCO_3 equivalent $\pm 20\%$** (Internationally referenced)
- Local Research findings **$\pm 25 - 35 \%$**



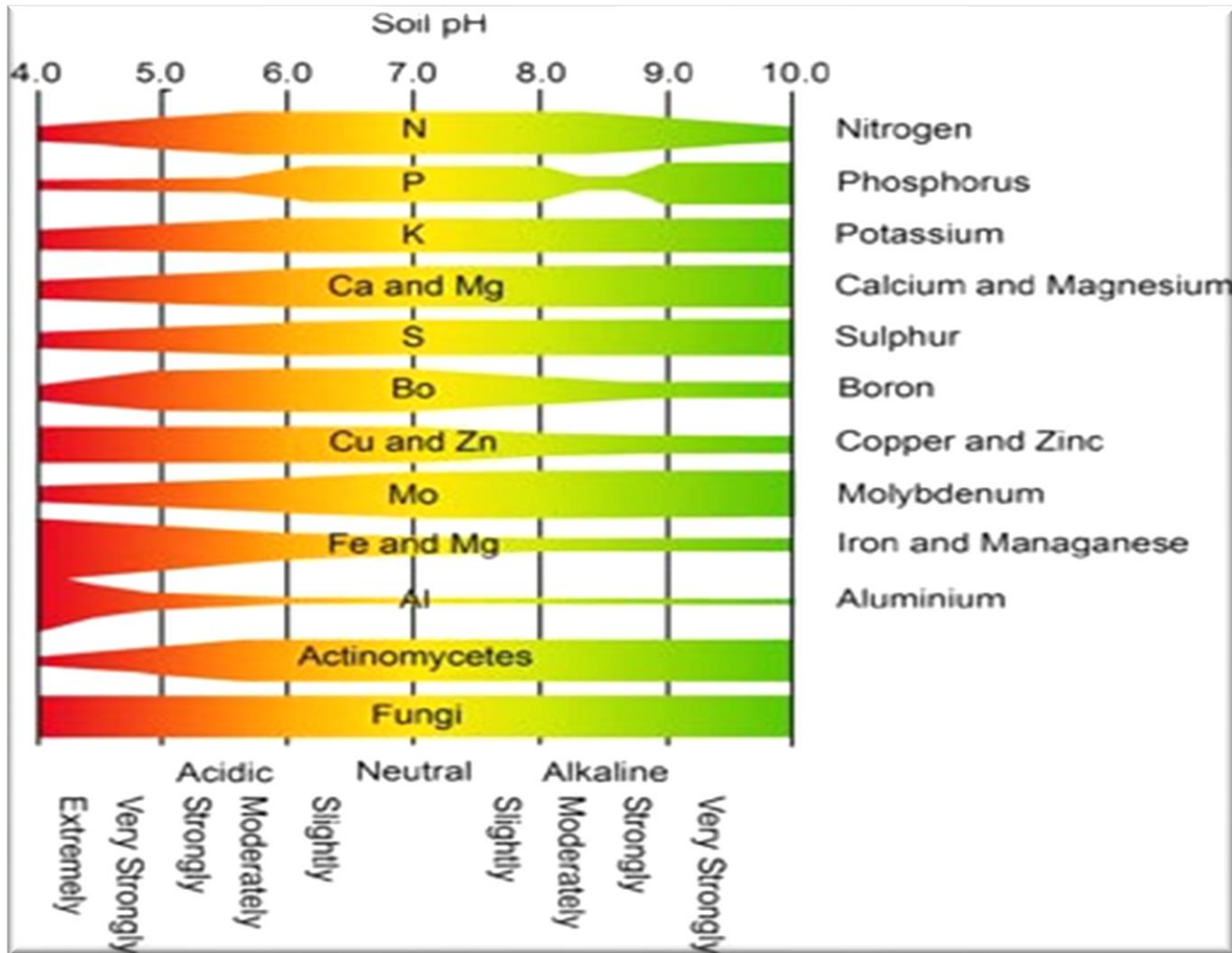
FLY ASH ?

Proven Hypothesis

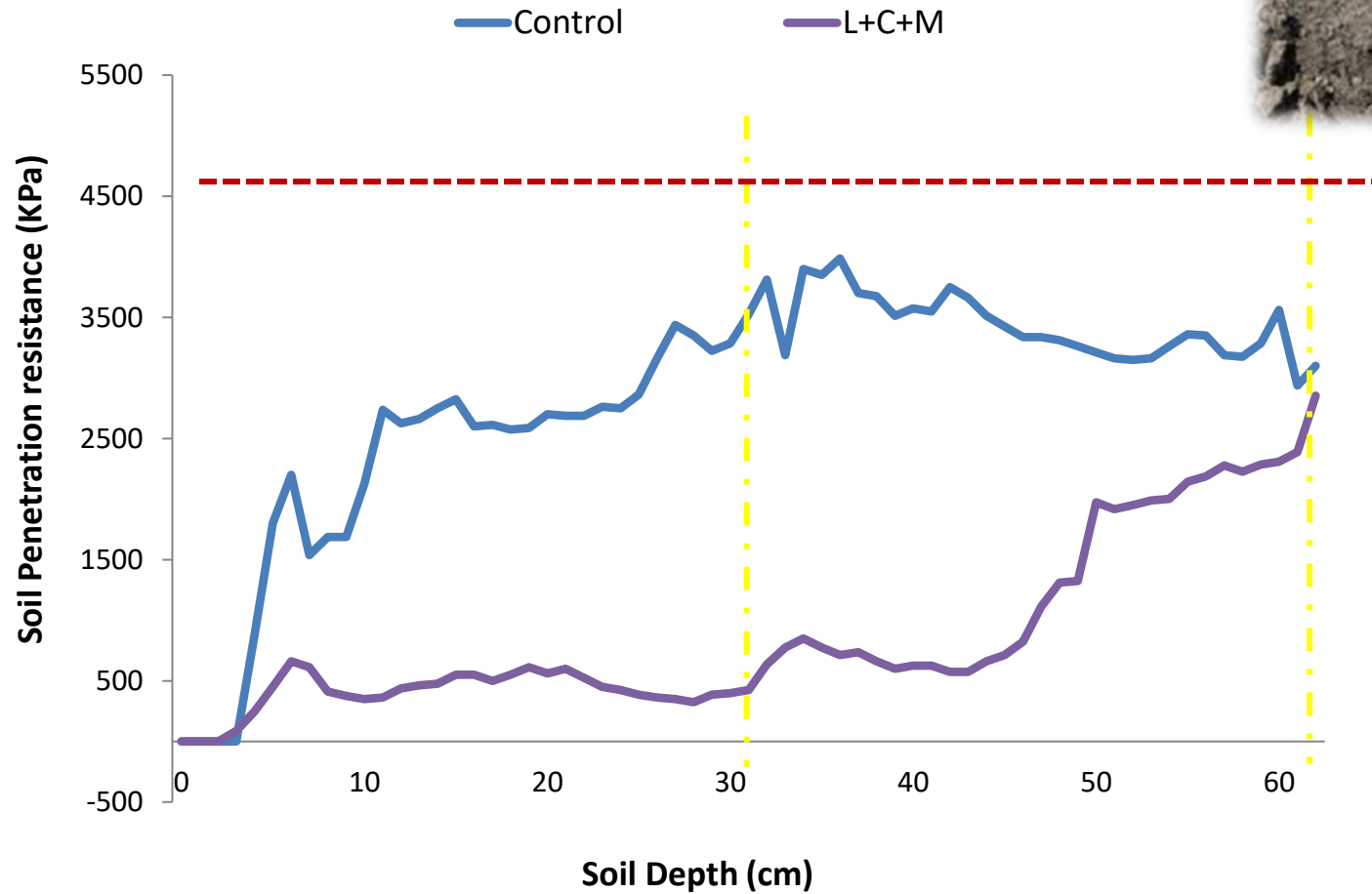


Aiken and Heidrich (2014) WACAU

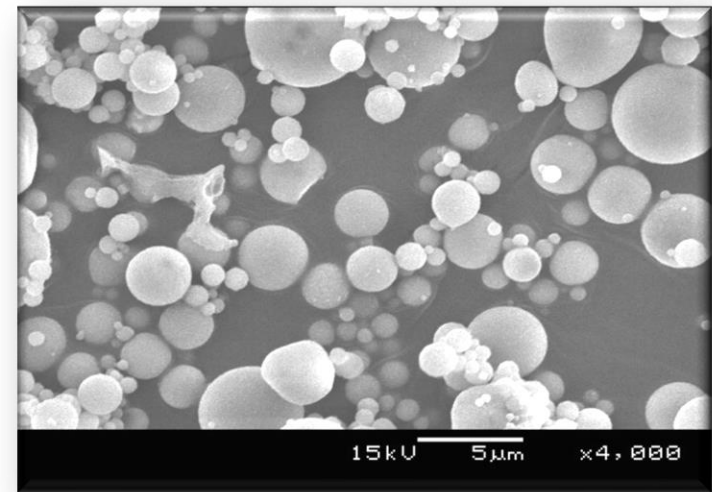
Hypothesis



Proven Hypothesis



PHASE 1 - CFA Compositions



Basic bioavailable macro nutrient analysis

ASH	P (Bray I) mg.kg ⁻¹	Ca mg.kg ⁻¹	K mg.kg ⁻¹	Mg mg.kg ⁻¹	pH
FA (A)	194	3732	63	171	10.4
FA (B)	100	3765	33	159	11.7
Average soil requirement	30	600	80 -120	200	5.5 - 7.0

PHASE 1 - Soil Compositions

SOIL	pH	CEC	P mg.kg ⁻¹	Ca mg.kg ⁻¹	K mg.kg ⁻¹	Mg mg.kg ⁻¹	Na mg.kg ⁻¹	%C	Clay %
BLACK	2.8	27.49	3.1	54	14	12	9	5.09	38
BROWN	3.6	10.19	0.3	260	17	11	4	0.54	15

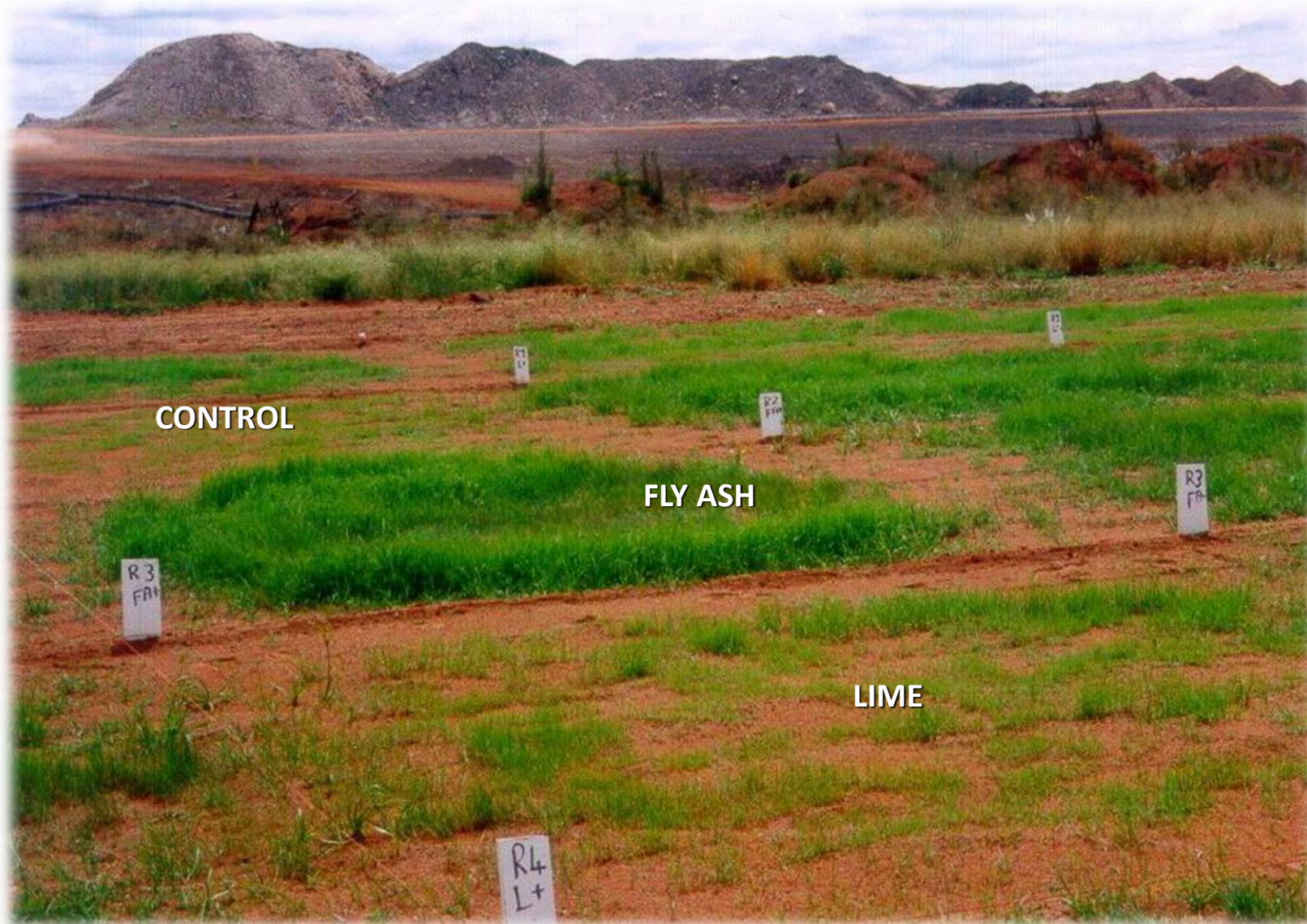




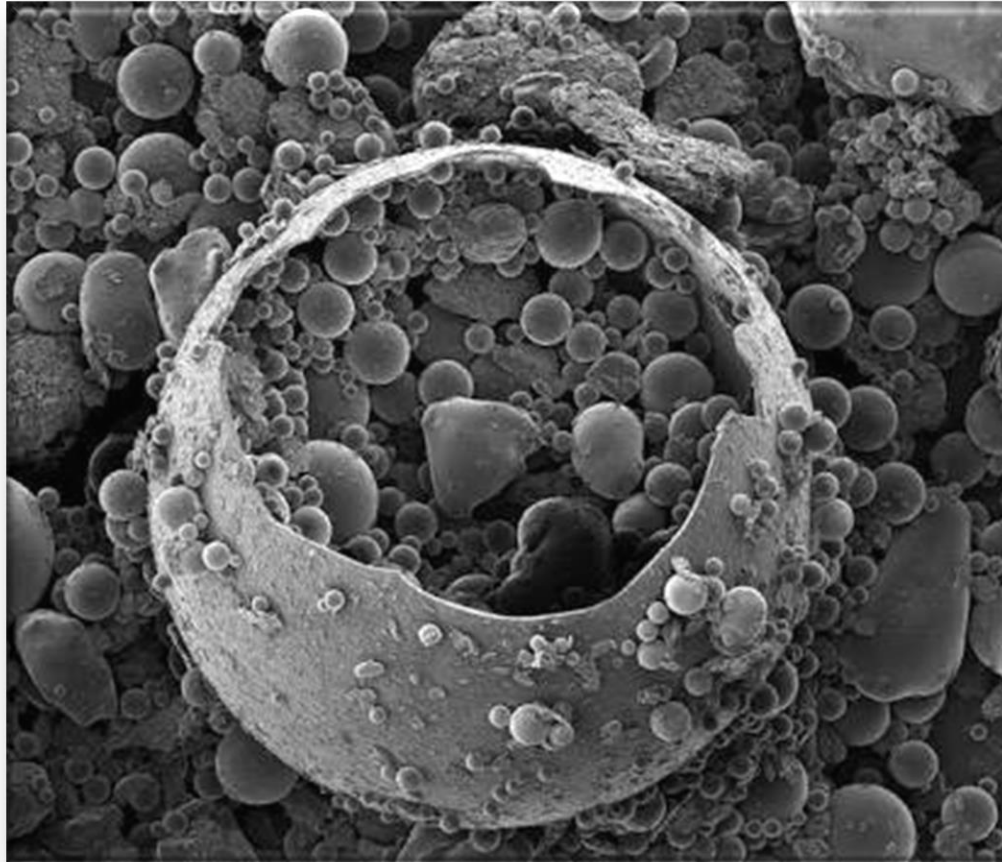
Application rates

- **Cover soil**

- **Lime :**
 - Opt. (33%-) (**L-**) 6.7 tons ha⁻¹
 - Opt. (**L**) 10.0 tons ha⁻¹
 - Opt.(33% +) (**L+**) 13.3 tons ha⁻¹
- **Fly ash :**
 - Opt.(33%-) (**FA-**) 33.5 tons ha⁻¹
 - Opt. (**FA**) 50.0 tons ha⁻¹
 - Opt.(33%+) (**FA+**) 66.5 tons ha⁻¹
- **Fly ash/ organic mixture**
 - Opt.(33%-) (**OM-**) 112.0 tons ha⁻¹
 - Opt. (**OM**) 167.0 tons ha⁻¹
 - Opt.(33%+) (**OM+**) 222.0 tons ha⁻¹
- **Control and Standard Mine treatment**
 - 4 tons ha⁻¹ (MgCO₃)



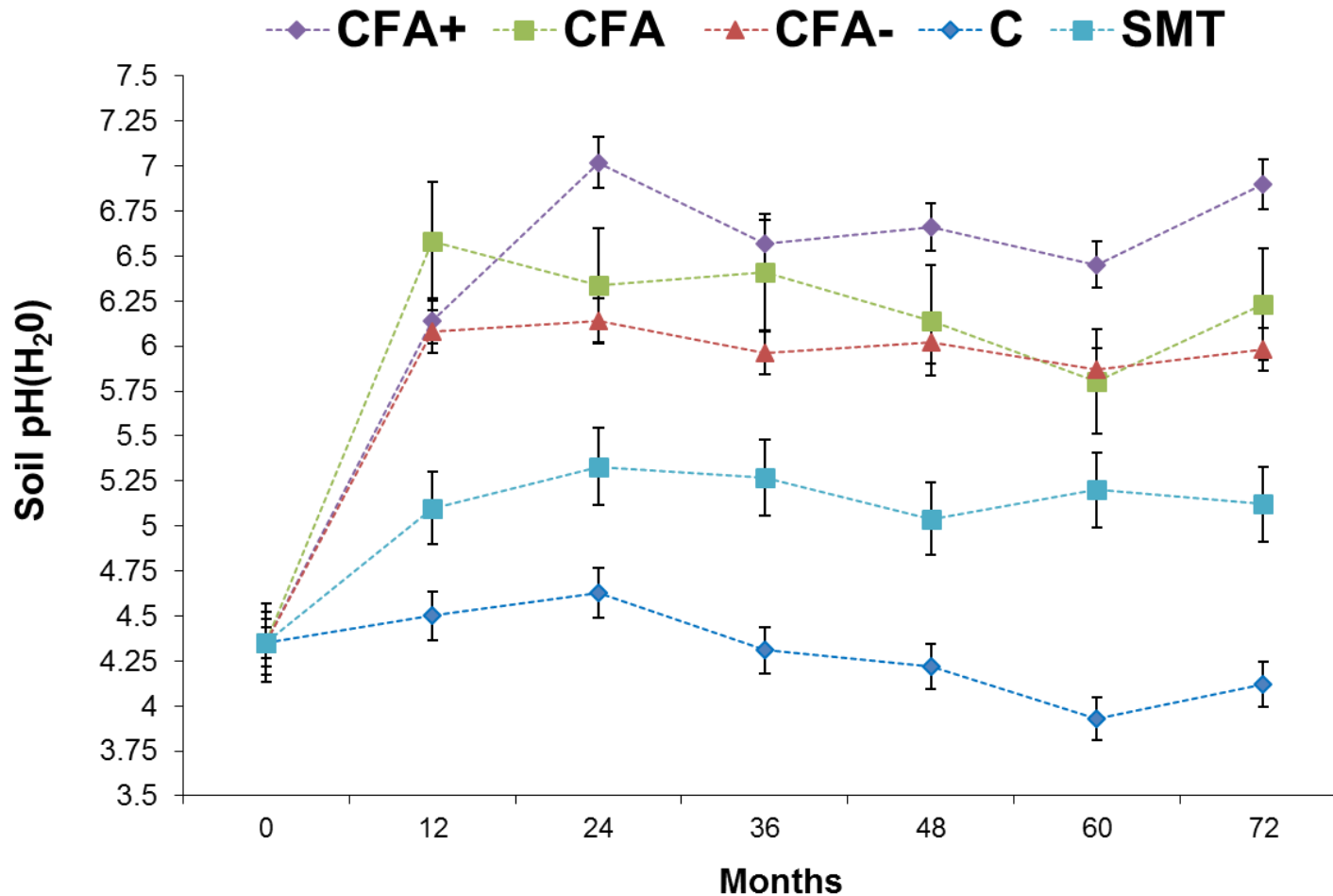
CHEMICAL AMELIORATION



<http://matrixxco.net/other/fly-ash-concrete/>

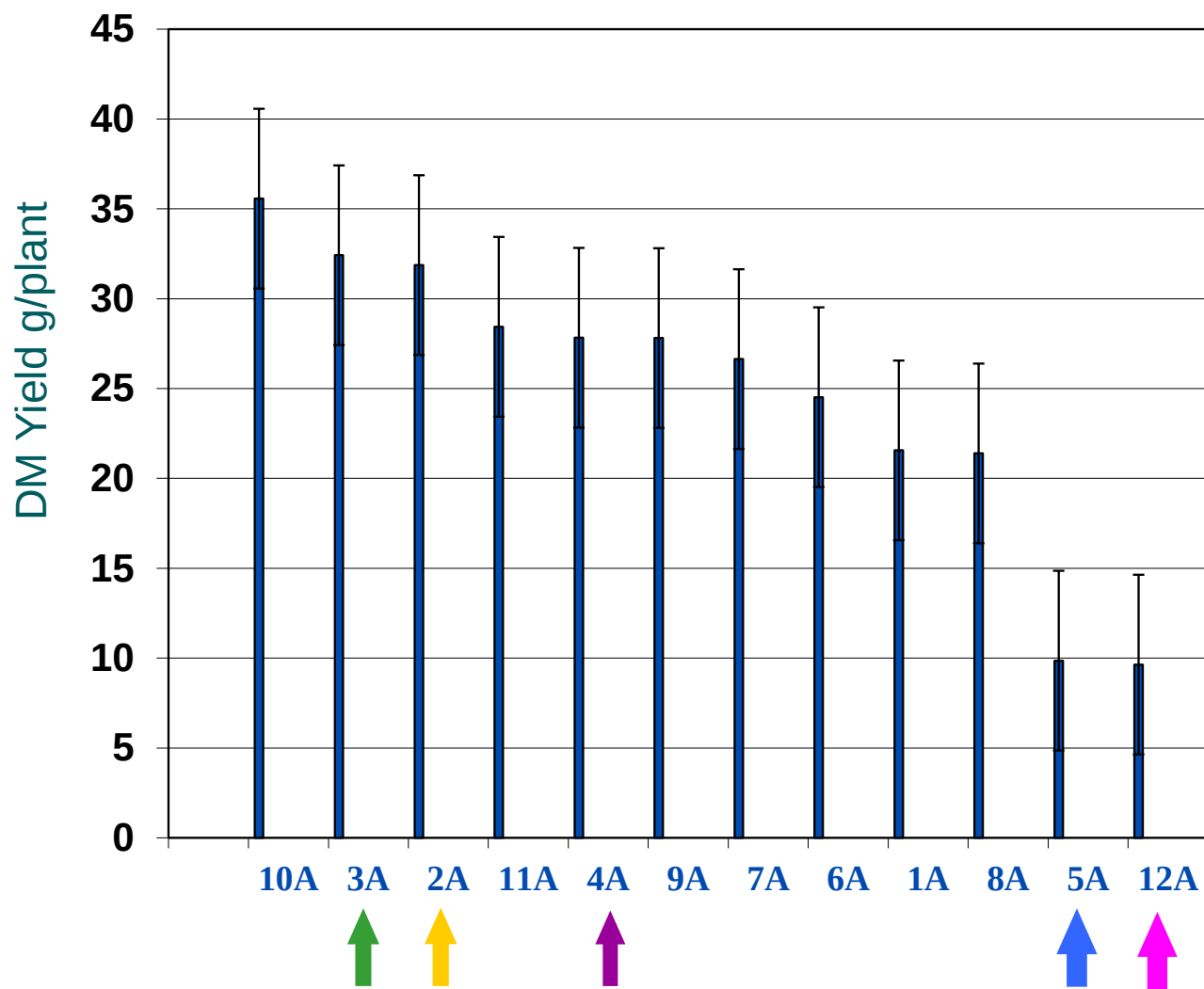
Residual Alkalinity (Glass Phase)

CHEMICAL AMELIORATION



Influence of CFA treatments, relative to C and SMT (Standard Mine Treatment) treatments, on soil $\text{pH}_{(\text{H}_2\text{O})}$ over a 72-month period. *Note SMT treatment was augmented bi-annually*

Influence of treatments on DM yields



1A = Fly ash

2A = Fly ash / NPK mix

3A = Fly ash / organic M1

4A = Fly ash / organic M2

5A = Lime

6A = Lime/ NPK

7A = Lime / organic M1

8A = Lime / organic M2

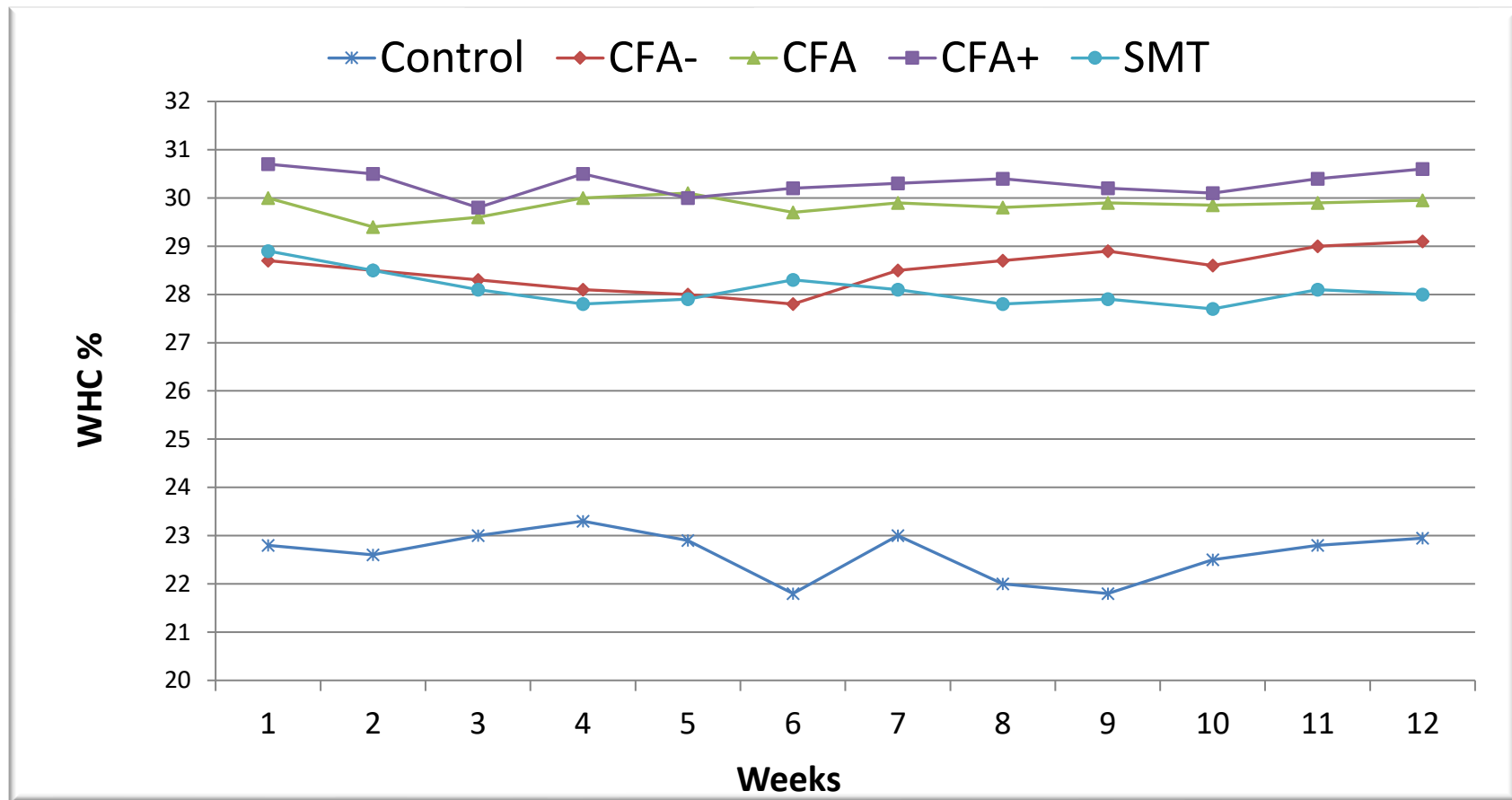
9A = NPK

10A = Organic M1

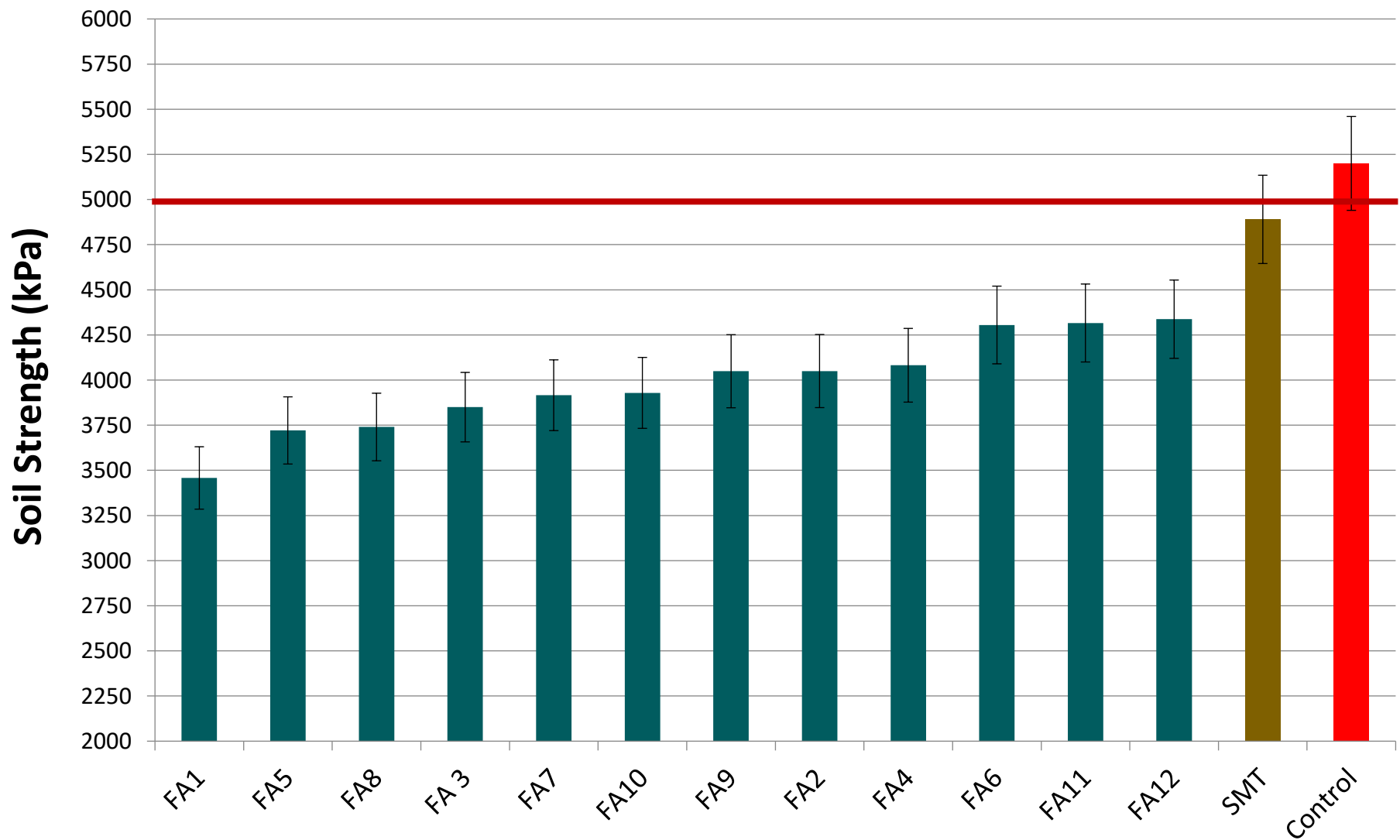
11A = Organic M2

12A = Control

PHYSICAL AMELIORATION – Water holding capacity

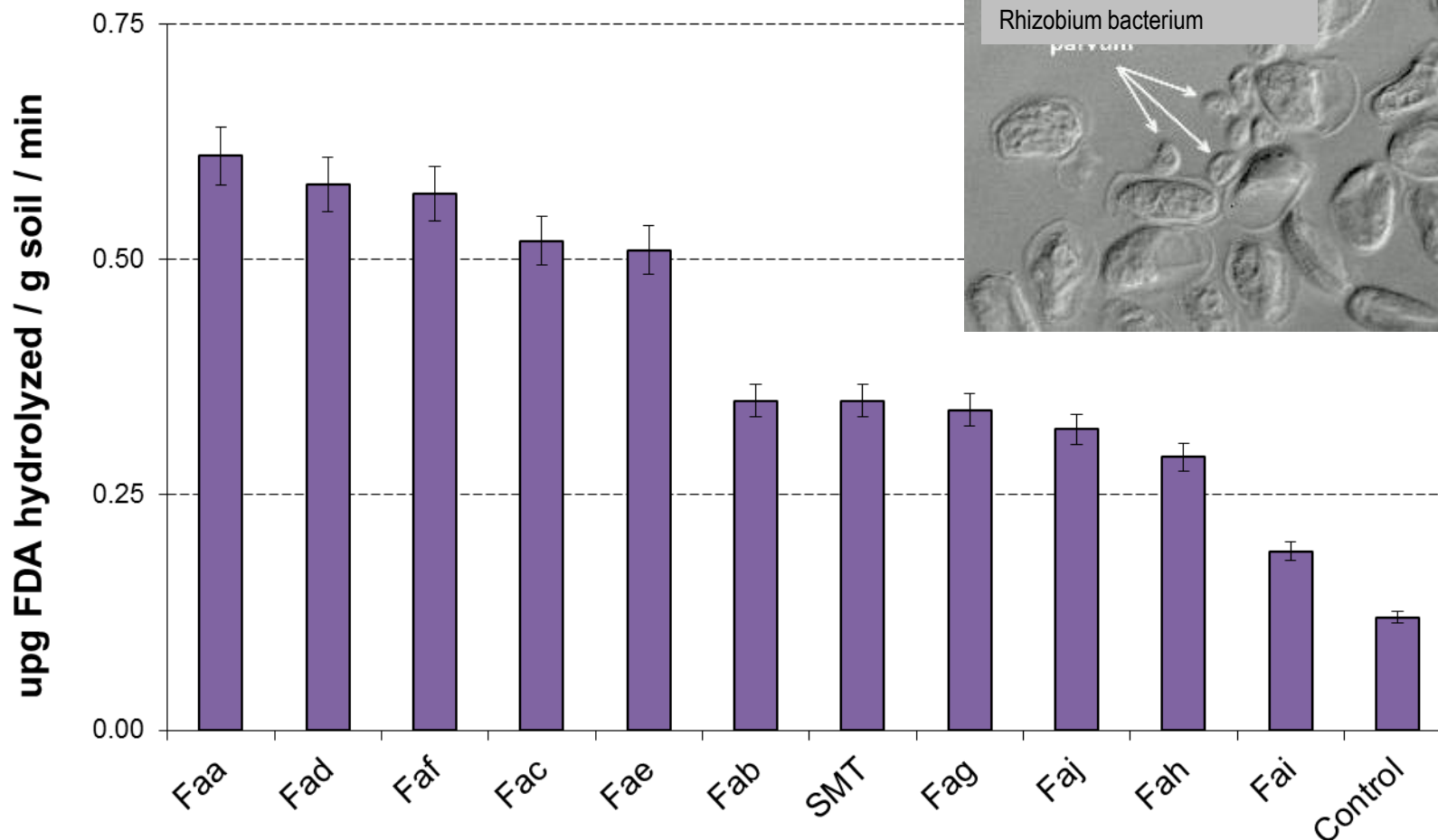


The influence of CFA treatments, relative to C and SMT treatments, on the soil water holding capacity (WHC %)



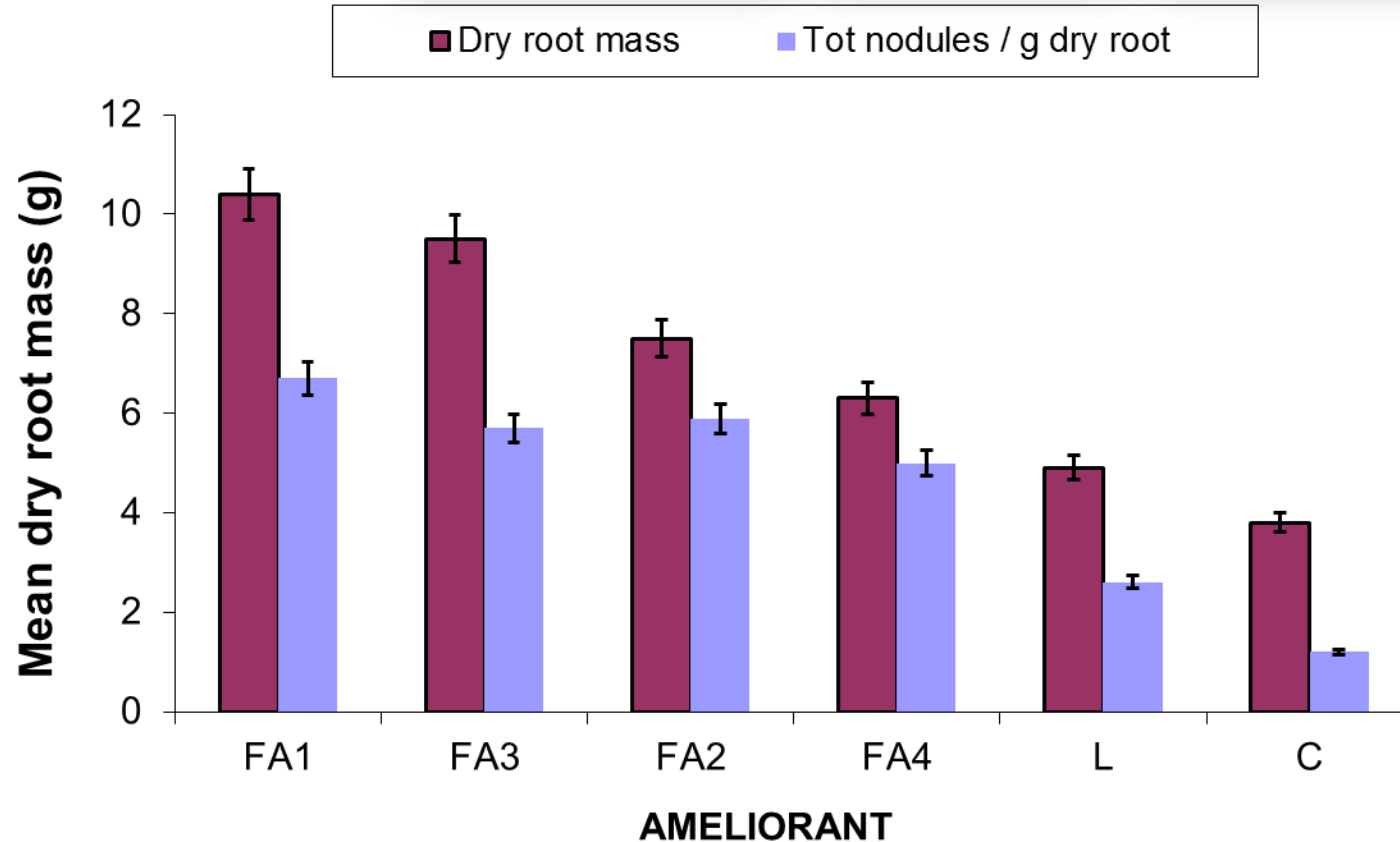
The effect of fly ash ameliorants on the soil strength (soil penetration resistance - kPa)
of a sandy loam soil (30 cm depth)

MICROBIOLOGICAL AMELIORATION



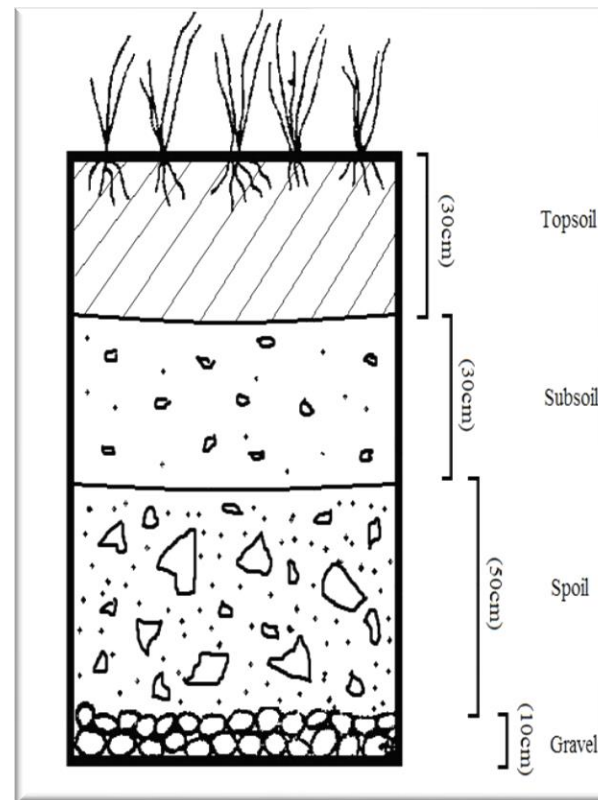
Mean microbial activity of class F fly ash ameliorated soil

MICROBIOLOGY



Rhizobium nodulation in relation to root biomass for ameliorated soils

PHASE 2 – Research Bins



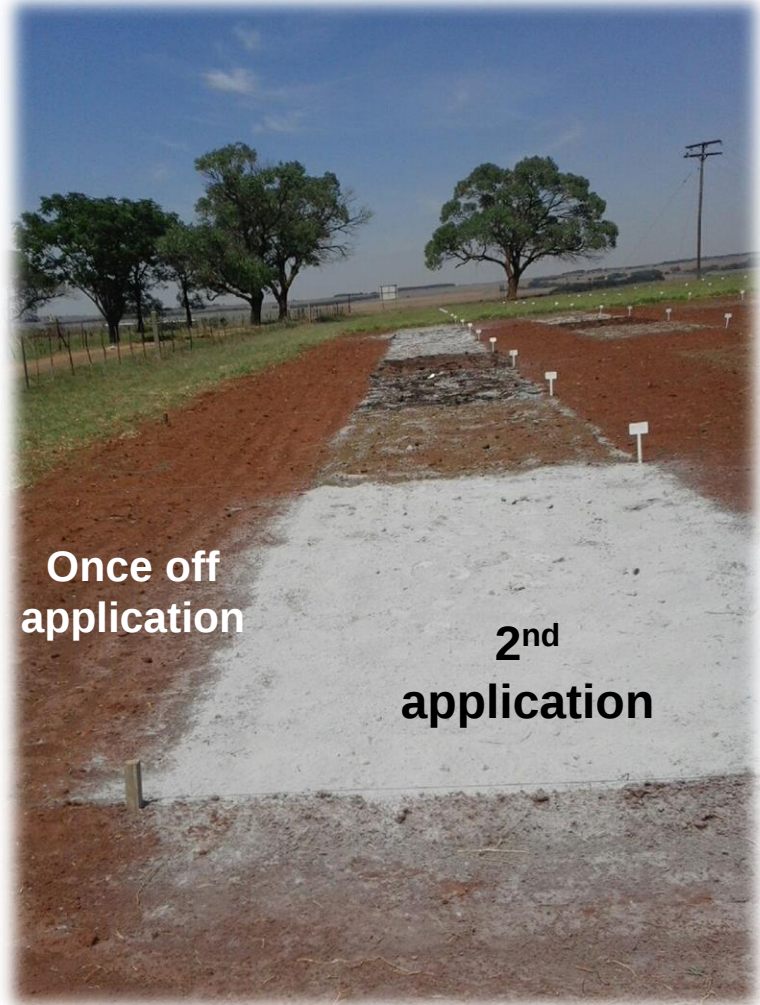
PHASE 2 – Research Bins Summer season



PHASE 2 – Open Air Phytotron Summer Season growth



PHASE 3 – Field Research - Season field preparation



PHASE 3 – Field Research (Pasture – Perennial crop)



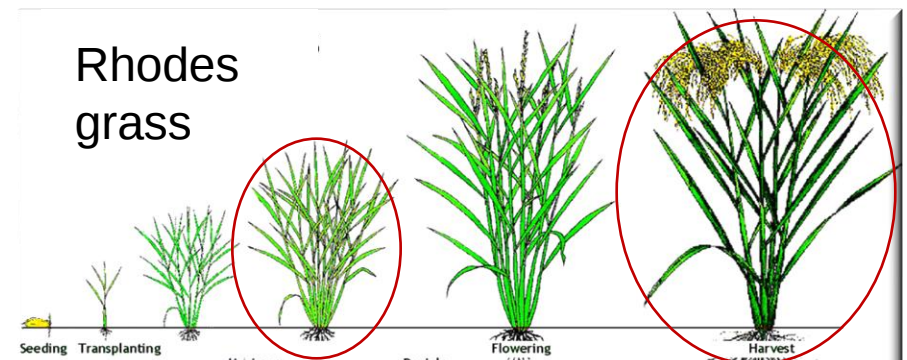
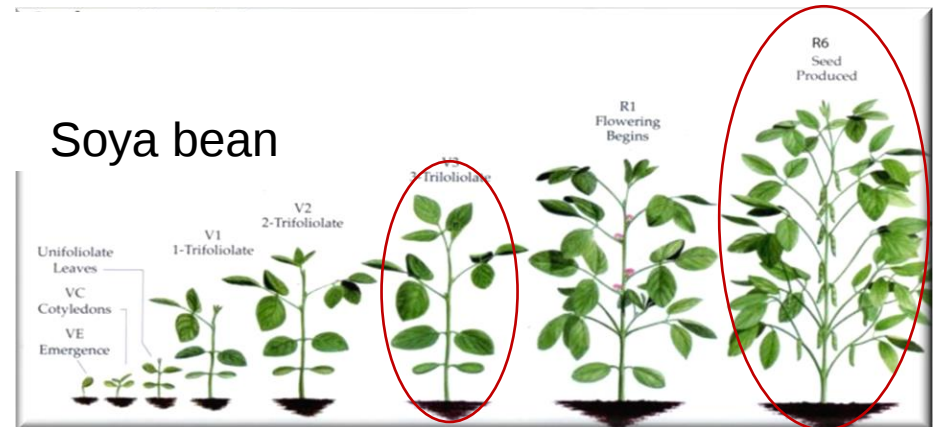
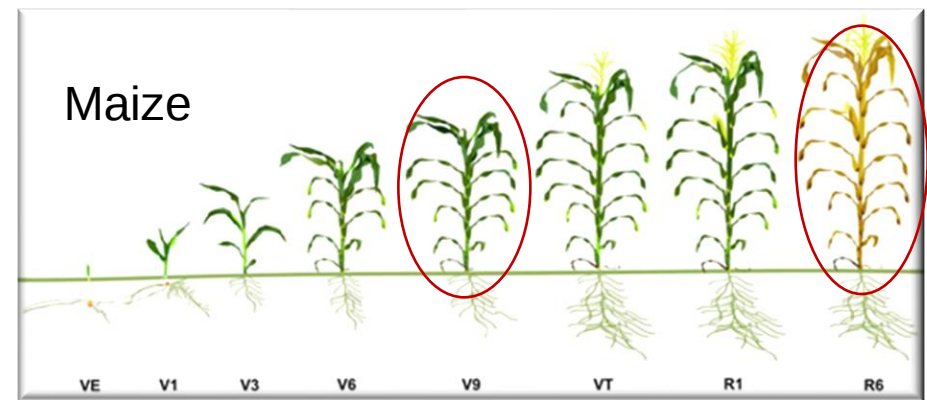
90 days after plant



120 days after plant

PROCEDURE

- Plants were evaluated at the following two phenological stages of each species
- Both soils and plant components are subjected to phytotoxicity analyses (+/- 3000 samples)



PHASE 3 – Field Research - Season field growth



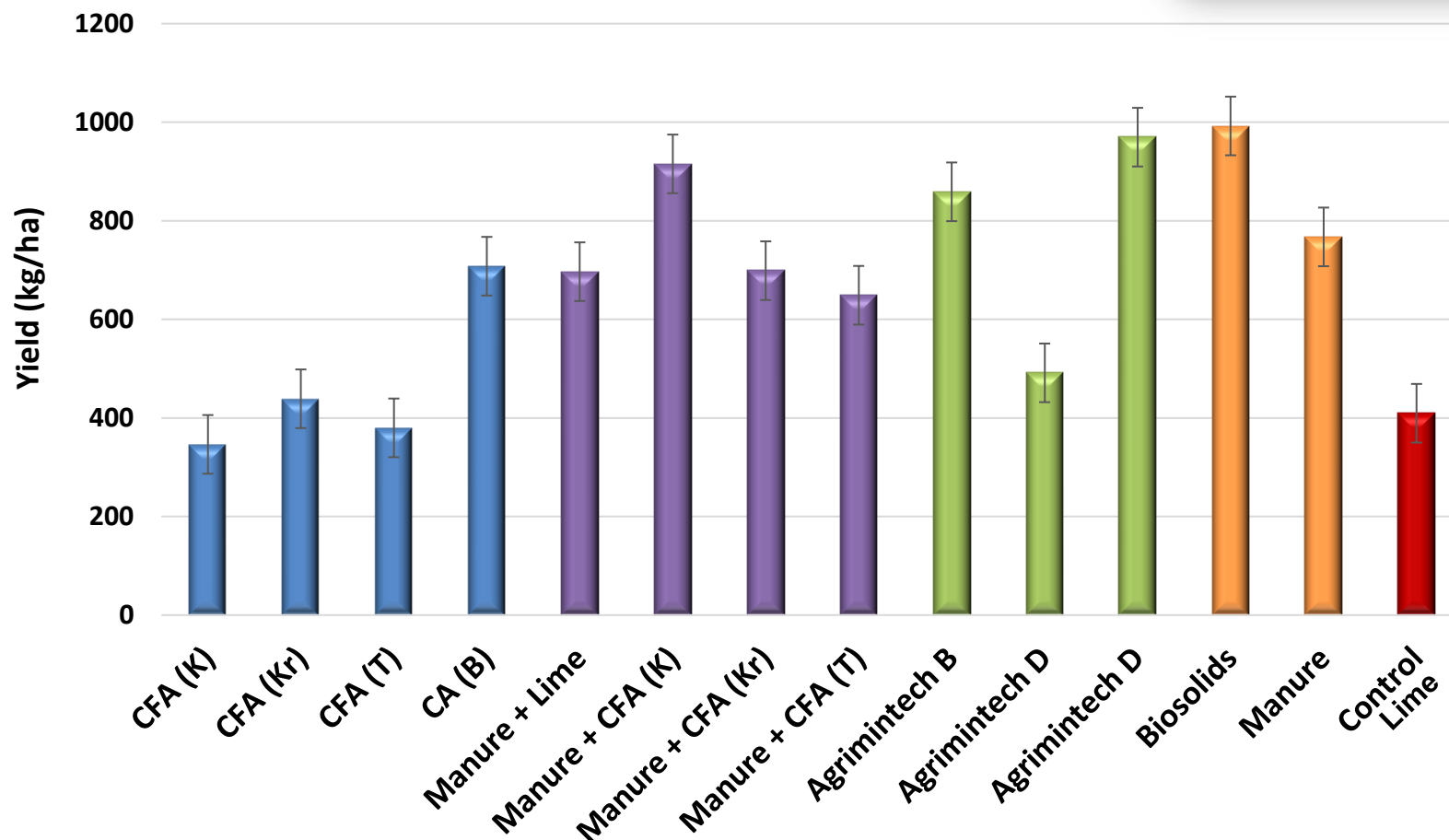
PHASE 3 – Field Research - Season field growth



PHASE 2 RESULTS



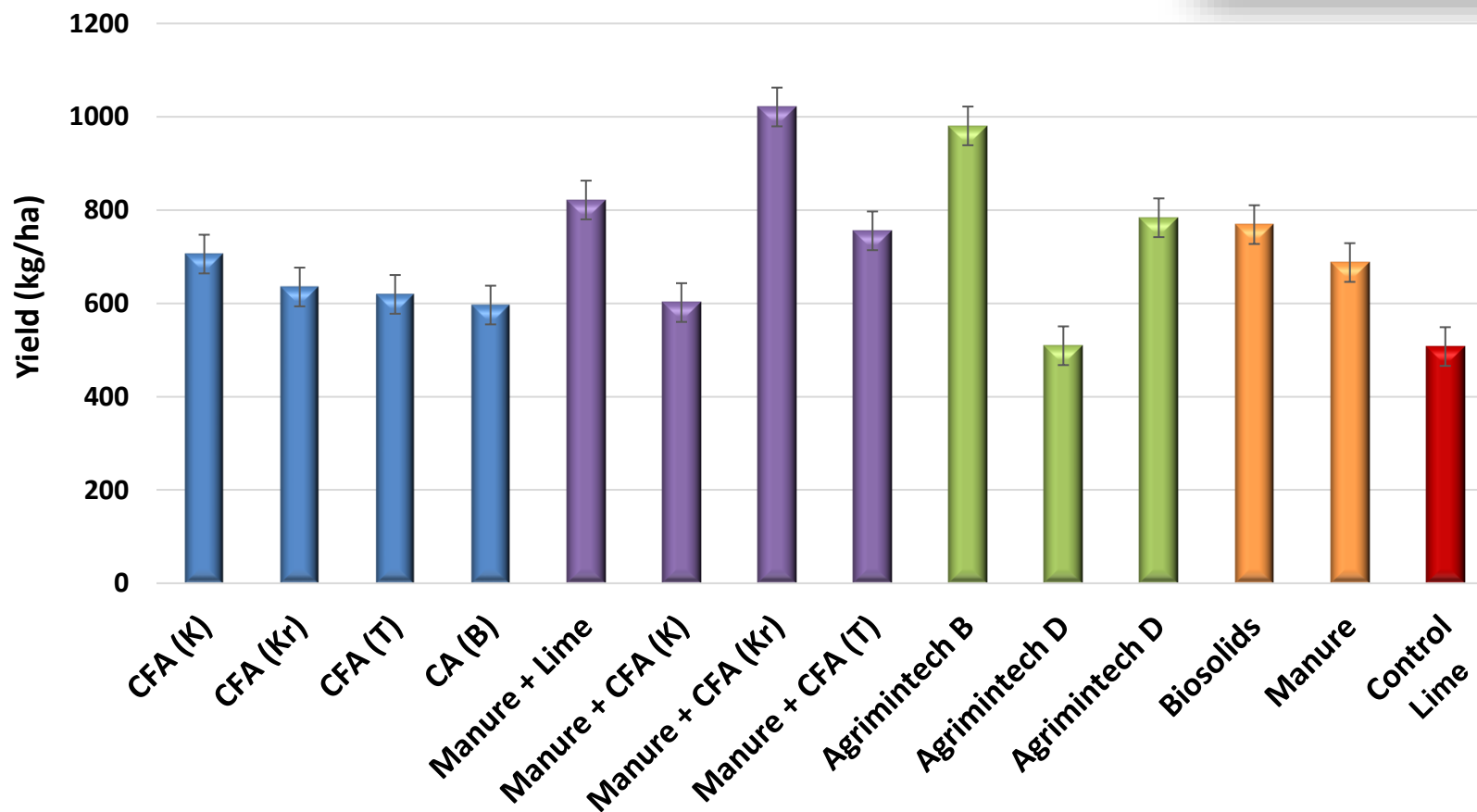
Maize DM yield – Boot stage (Mine soil)



PHASE 2 RESULTS



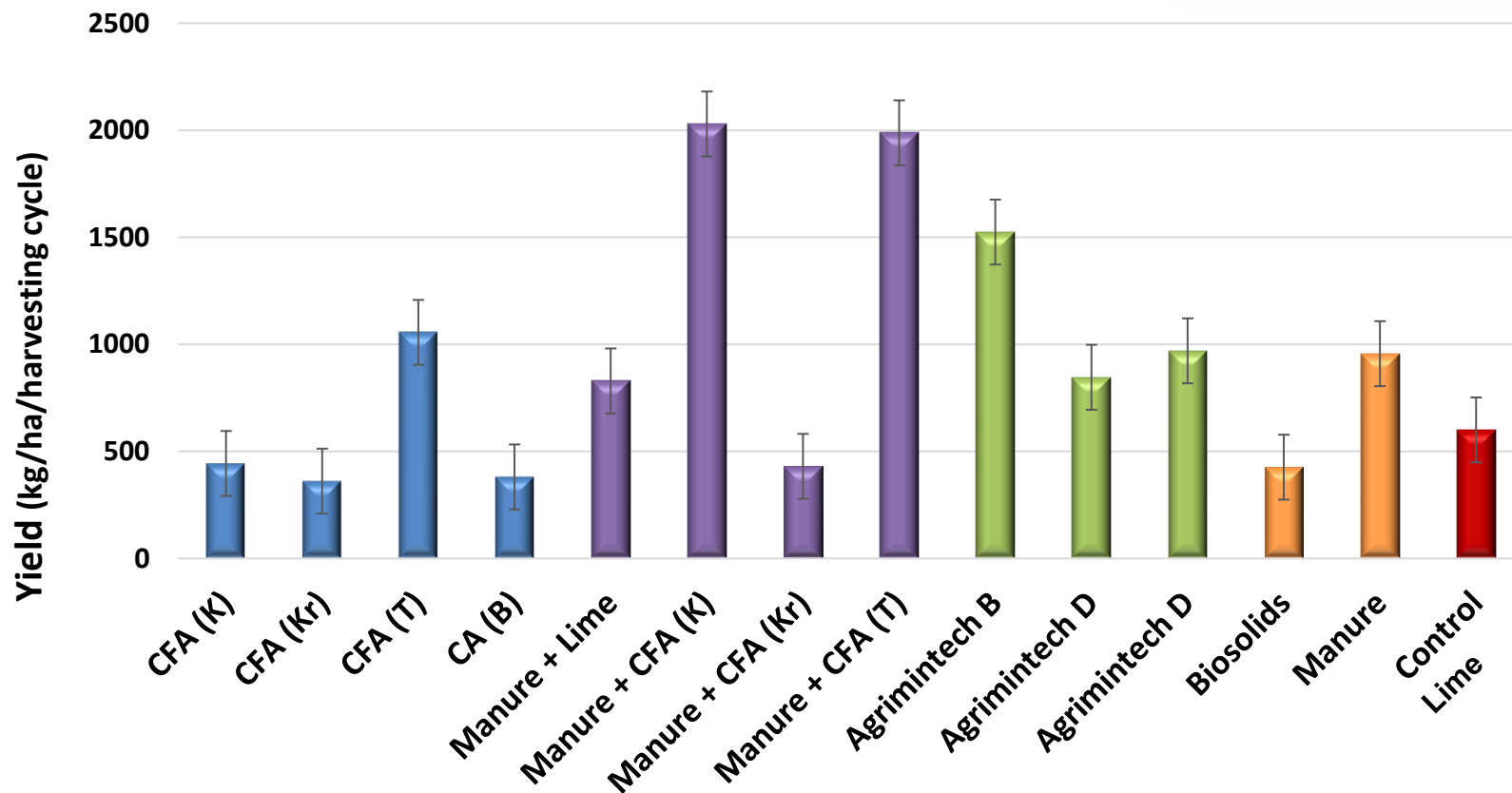
Soya DM Yield V3 stage (Mine Soil)



PHASE 2 RESULTS



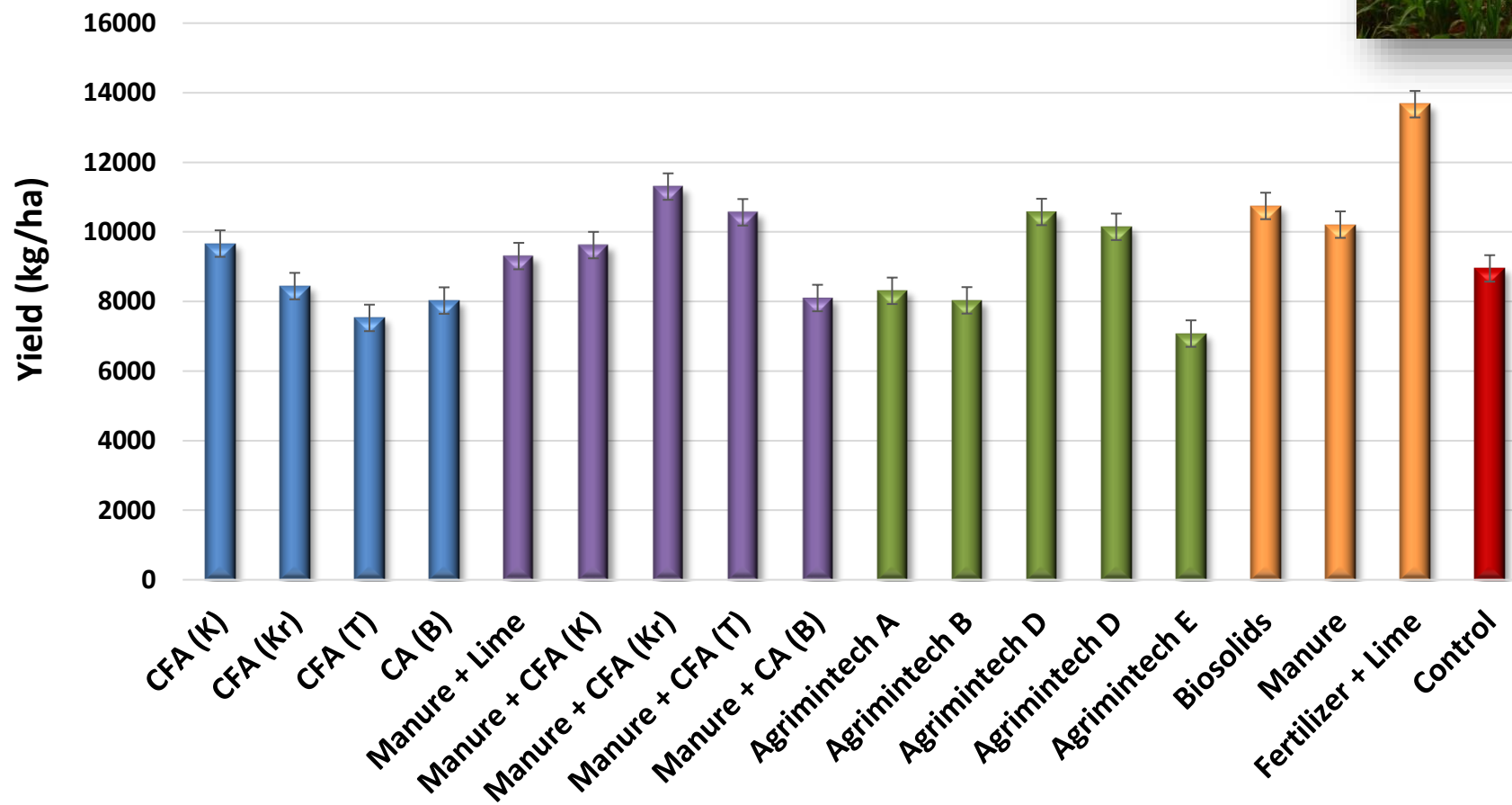
Rhodes grass DM Yield (Mine Soil)



PHASE 3 RESULTS

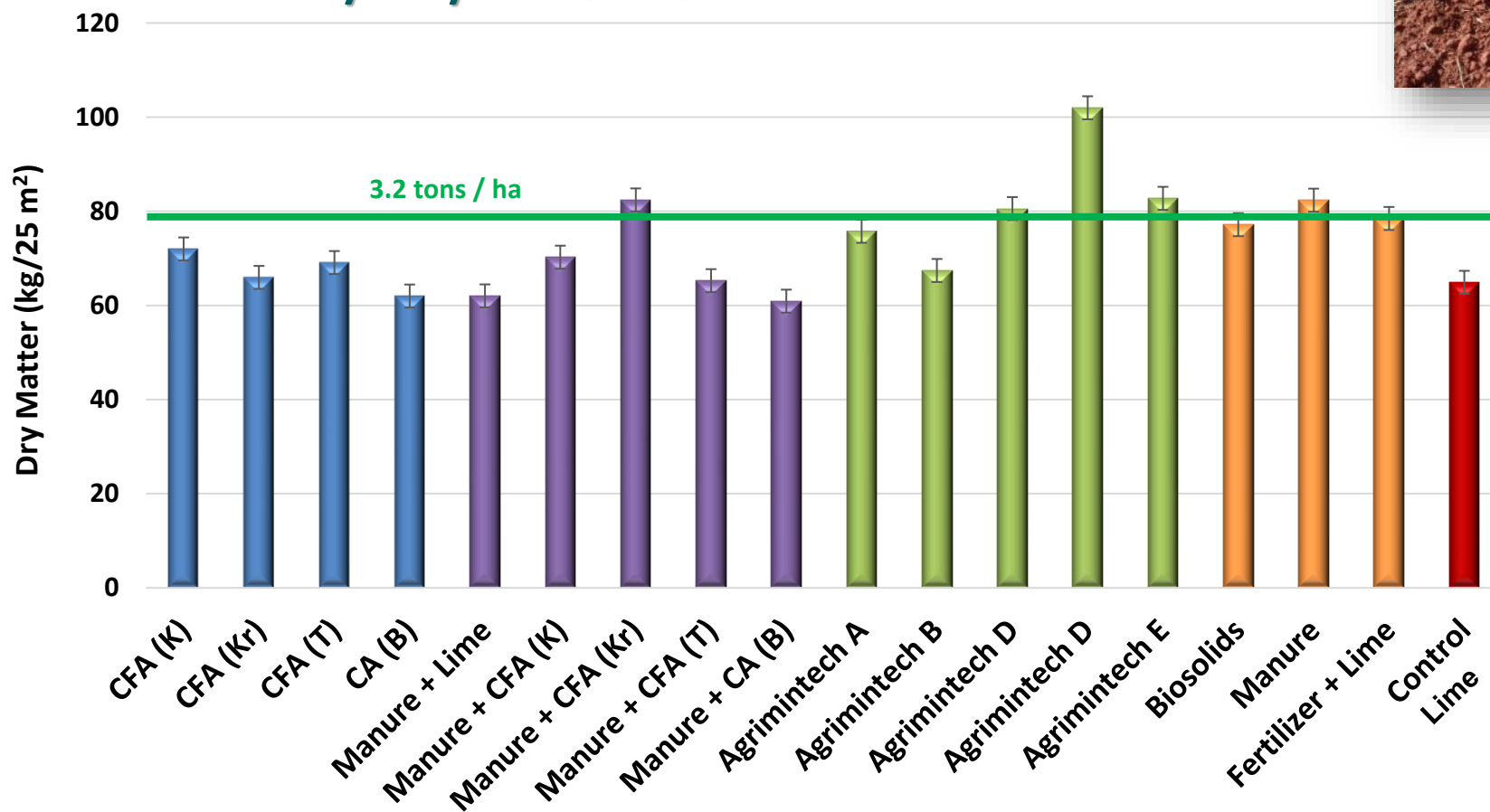


Final Maize Grain Yield



PHASE 3 RESULTS

Soya Dry Matter Production



PHASE 4 - LEACHING STUDIES – International Framework

LEAF

Leaching Environmental Assessment Framework

**A Decision Support System for
Beneficial Use and Disposal Decisions
in the United States and Internationally...**

- Four leaching test methods
- Data management tools
- Geochemical speciation and mass transfer modeling
- Quality assurance/quality control for materials production
- Integrated leaching assessment approaches

... designed to identify characteristic leaching behaviors
for a wide range of materials and scenarios &

... provide a material & scenario-specific “source-term”.

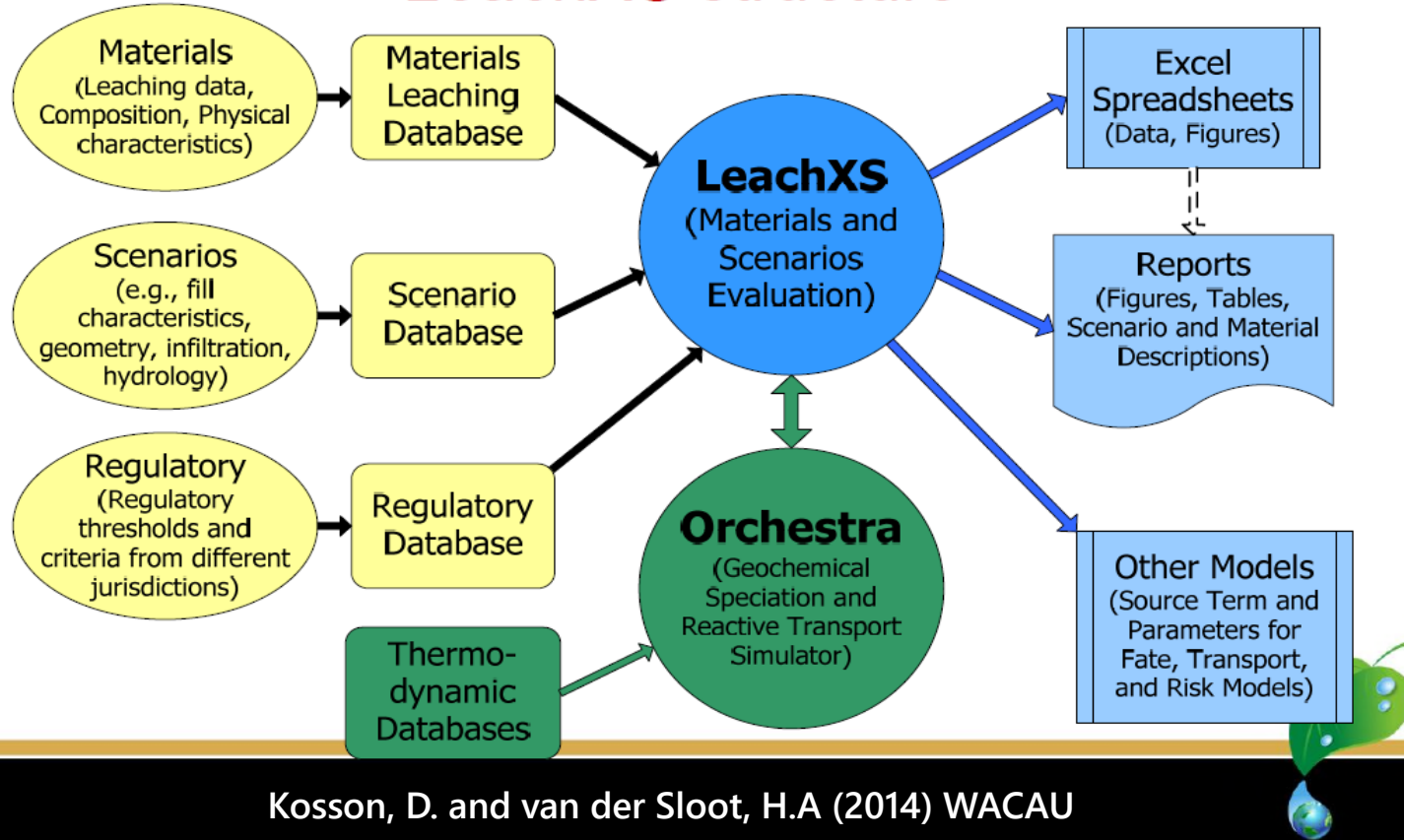


Kosson, D. and van der Sloot, H.A (2014) WACAU

PHASE 4 – LEACH XS MODELLING

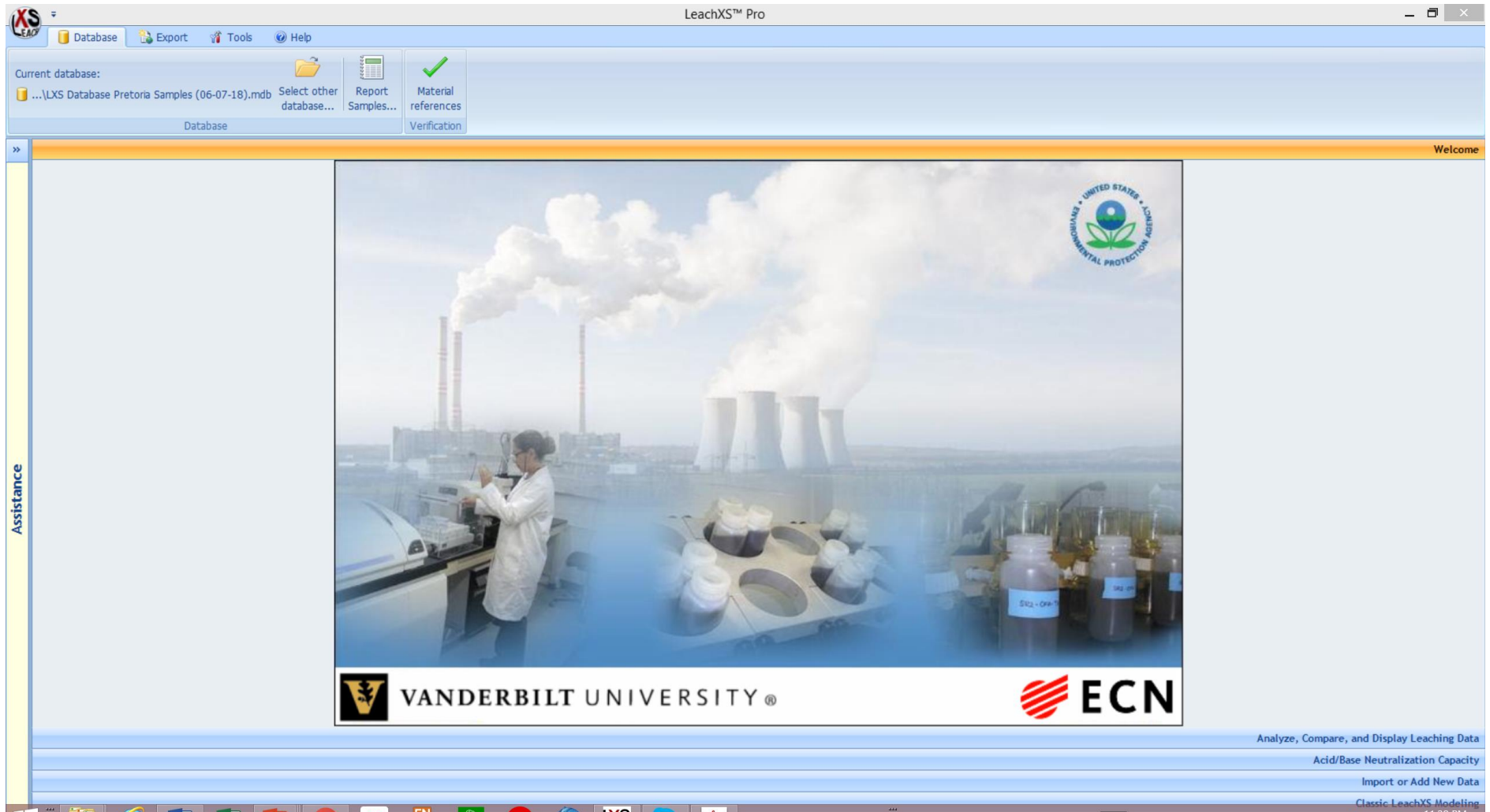
LEAF

LeachXS structure



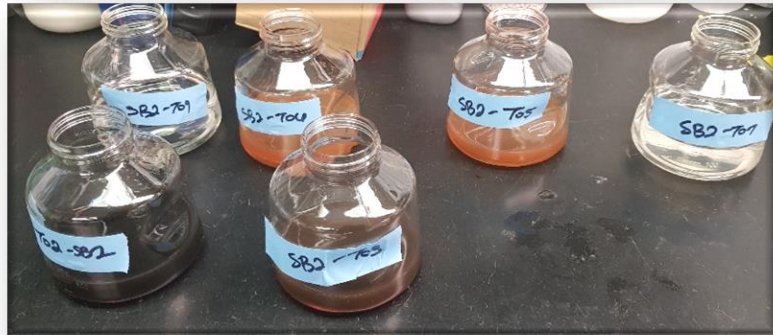
Kosson, D. and van der Sloot, H.A (2014) WACAU

PHASE 4 - LEACHING STUDIES



PHASE 4 - LEACHING STUDIES

EPA 1313 pH Dependant Test

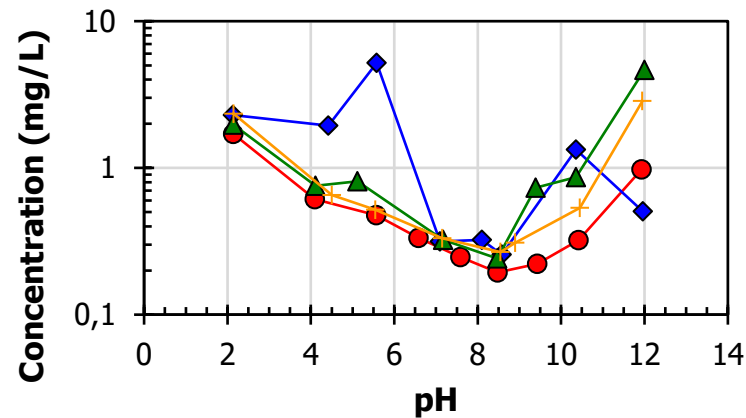


EPA 1314 Column Testing

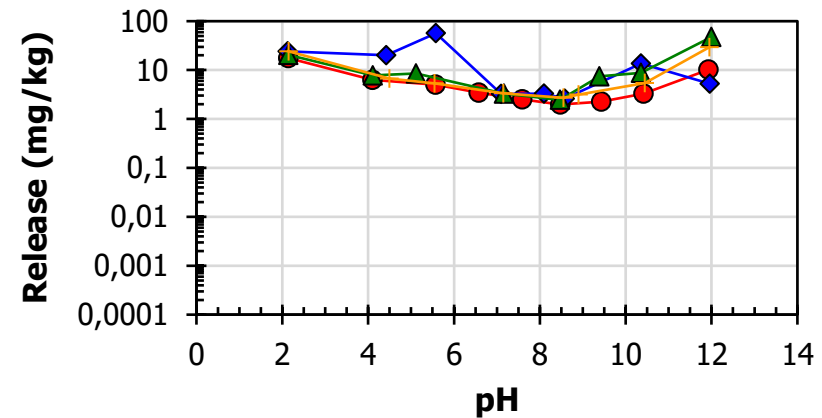


Leaching Assessment Results

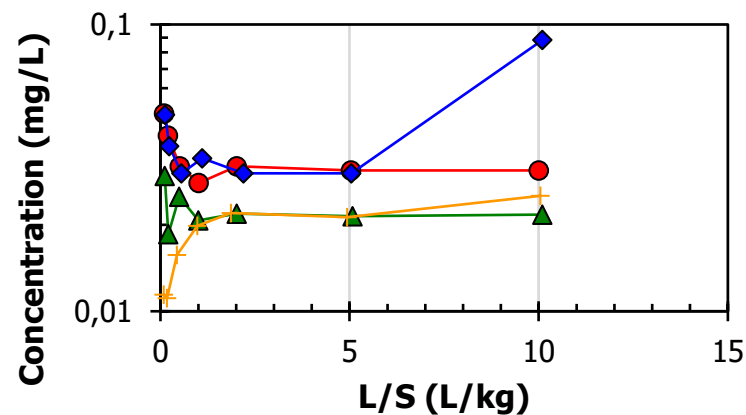
pH dependent concentration of Boron



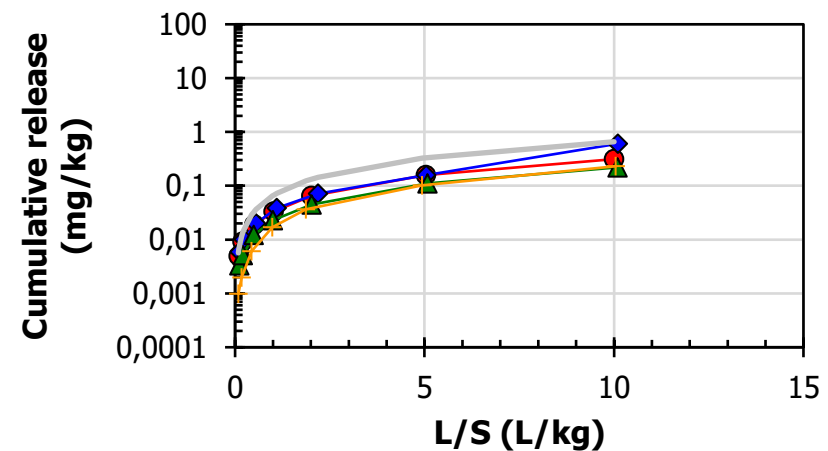
pH dependent release of Boron



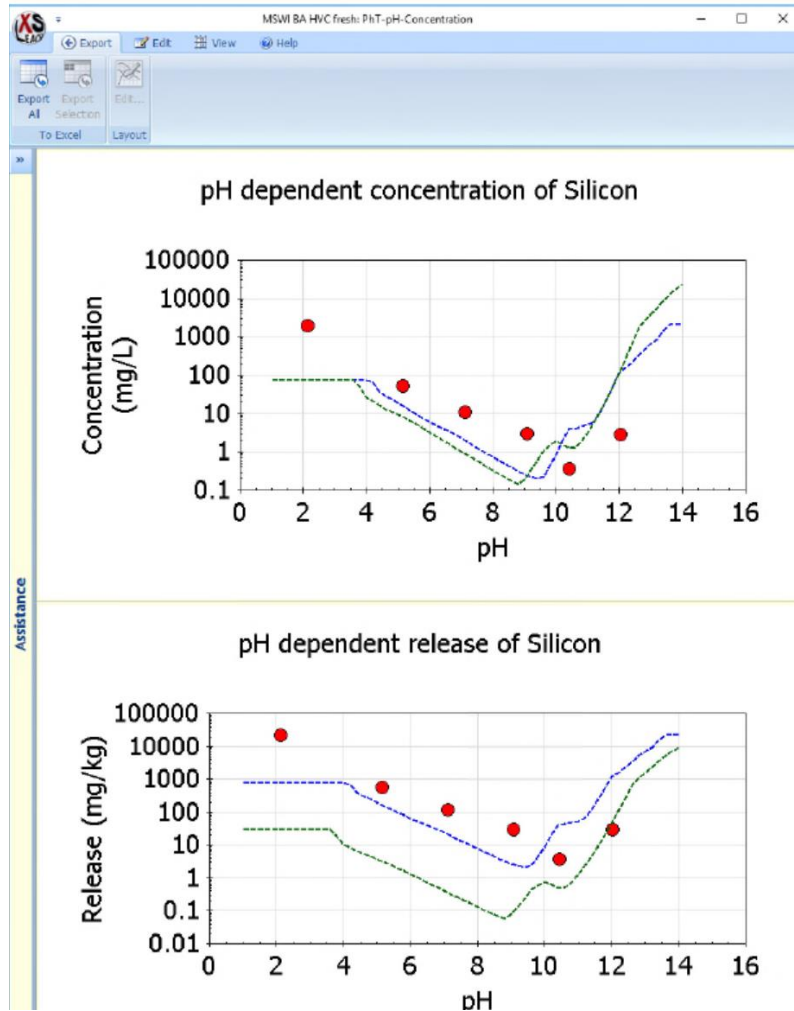
Boron concentration as function of L/S



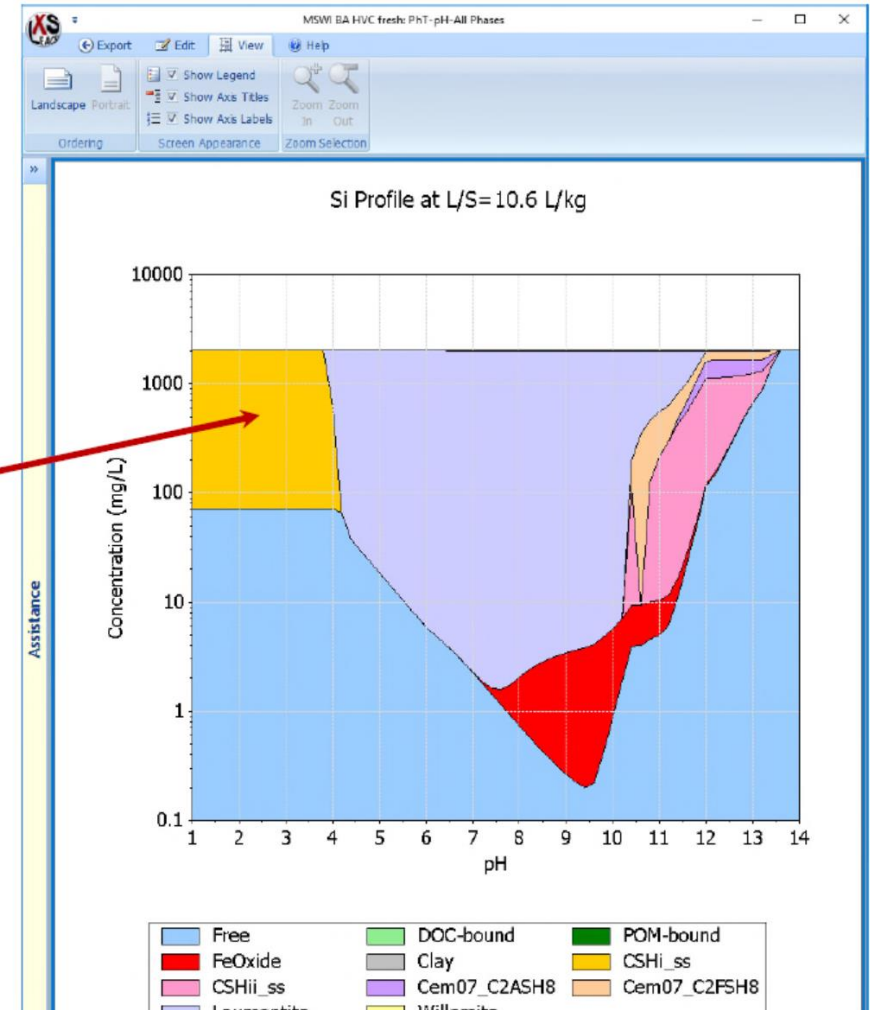
Cumulative release of Boron



PHASE 4 - LEACHING STUDIES



Take out



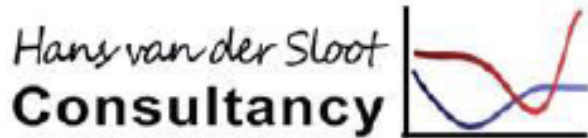
CONCLUSION

- UNDERSTAND THE
 - Fly ash *properties*
 - Soil chemical, physical and microbiological *properties*
 - Soil condition
 - *Deficiencies*
 - *Phytotoxicity and soil toxicity*
 - *Leaching risk*
 - Plant species (*growth requirements*)

match it to the

PROPOSED AGRICULTURAL USE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS





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THANK YOU

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